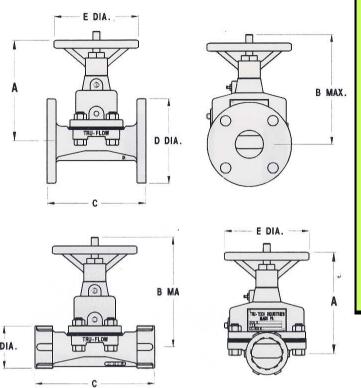


ENGINEERING DATA PNEUMATICALLY OPERATED DIAPHRAGM VALVES







			SCREWE	D END - VA	LVE GENERA	L DIMENSIO	NS	
qs	Valve Size	Α	В	в с		D	E	Body Pressure Rating (PSI)
Ends	1/2	4.00	4.69	7.25	5.00	1.88	3.50	200
Screwed	3/4	4.00	4.69	7.25	5.00	1.88	3.50	200
cre	1	4.00	4.69	7.25	5.00	1.88	3.50	200
Š	1 1/2	5.50	6.13	8.50	13.00	3.25	5.00	175
	2	5.50	6.13	8.50	13.00	3.25	5.00	175
	2 1/2	8.38	10.50	10.50	35.00	4.50	9.00	150
	3	8.38	10.50	10.50	35.00	4.50	9.00	150

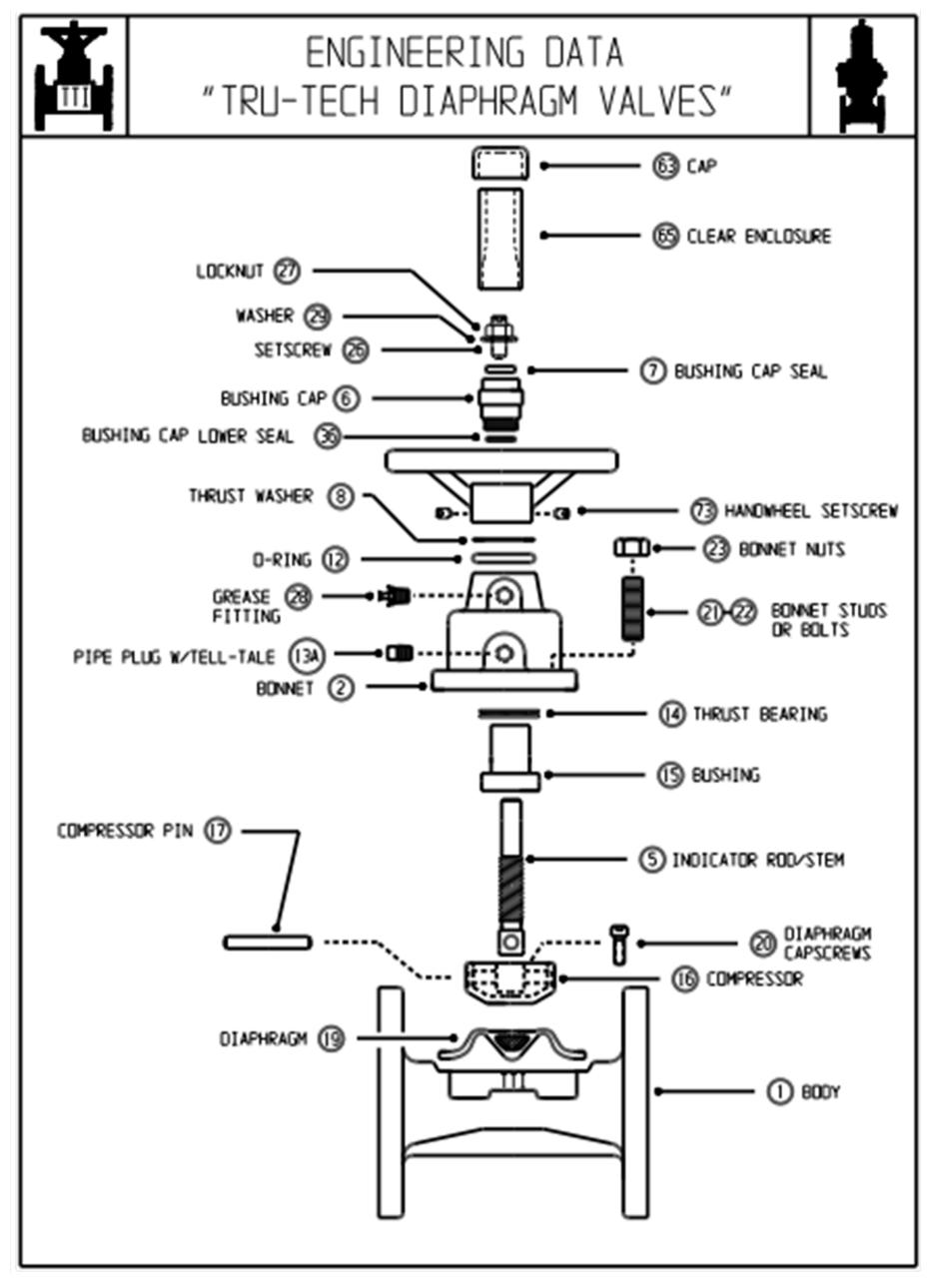
Improved Straight Through Type

					mproved	Straight 1	illough typ				-
				MAX	I-FLOW AND T	RU-FLOW VALV	E GENERAL DIM	ENSIONS			
				C MAX	I-FLOW (MSS L	ENGTH)	C TRU-FLOW				Body Pressure
	Valve Size	Α	В	Plastic Lined	Rubber Lined	Weight (LBS)	(ANSI LENGTH)	Weight (LBS)	D	E	Rating (PSI)
	1/2	4.00	4.69	5.75*	5.75*	11.00	5.00	10.00	3.50	3.50	200
Ends	3/4	4.00	4.69	5.75	5.75	11.00	5.00	10.00	3.50	3.50	200
	1	4.00	4.69	5.75	5.75	11.00	5.00	10.00	3.50	3.50	200
Flanged	1 1/4	4.00	4.69	5.75*	5.75*	11.00	5.00	10.00	3.50	3.50	200
Fla	1 1/2	7.25	9.00	7.88*	7.88*	27.00	7.00	25.00	6.00	5.00	175
	2	7.25	9.50	7.88	7.88	27.00	7.00	25.00	6.00	7.00	175
	2 1/2	8.38	10.50	10.25*	10.25*	35.00	8.00	45.00	7.00	9.00	150
	3	8.38	10.38	10.25	10.25	52.00	8.00	45.00	7.50	9.00	150
	4	11.25	14.00	12.88	12.75	80.00	9.00	70.00	9.00	12.00	150
	6	17.88	22.00	16.38	16.25	160.00	10.50	125.00	11.13	14.13	125

Enhanced Weir Type

MAXI-TROL AND TRU-TROL VALVE GENERAL DIMENSIONS											
	Valve Size	А	В	с мах	I-TROL (MSS LE	NGTH)	C TRU-TROL	Weight (LBS)	D	Е	Body Pressure
			11-24	Plastic Lined	Rubber Lined	Weight (LBS)	(ANSI LENGTH)	(220)			Rating (PSI)
	1/2	4.00	4.69	5.75*	5.75*	7.00	5.00	6.50	3.50	3.50	200
ds	3/4	4.00	4.69	5.75	5.75	7.00	5.00	6.50	3.50	3.50	200
Ends	1	4.00	5.75	5.75	5.75	7.00	5.00	6.50	4.25	3.50	200
Flanged	1 1/4	5.50	6.13	5.75*	5.75*	14.00	5.00	12.00	5.00	5.00	175
lan	1 1/2	5.50	7.00	7.88*	7.88*	12.00	7.00	14.00	5.00	5.00	175
ш	2	7.00	8.00	7.88	7.88	25.00	7.00	21.00	6.00	5.00	175
	2 1/2	7.25	9.00	10.25*	10.25*	55.00	8.00	35.00	7.00	7.00	150
	3	7.25	9.50	10.25	10.25	55.00	8.00	35.00	7.50	7.00	150
	4	8.38	10.50	12.88	12.75	80.00	9.00	51.50	9.00	9.00	150
	6	11.00	14.50	16.38	16.25	104.00	10.50	80.00	11.00	12.00	125
	8	17.88	17.88	20.88	20.88	231.00		165.00	13.75	14.00	100
	10	17.88	17.88	25.38	25.75	265.00	NA	NA	16.00	14.00	65







Parts List

NO.	DESCRIPTION	STANDARD MATERIAL
01	BODY	**
02	BONNET	CAST IRON, A126 CLASS B
03	HANDWHEEL	CAST IRON, A126 CLASS B
05	INDICATOR ROD/STEM	STEEL 12L14, BLACK OXIDE FINISH
08	THRUST WASHER	NYLON
12	BONNET SEAL *	BUNA-N
13A	PIPE PLUG W/TELL-TALE	POLYETHYLENE
14	THRUST BEARING	POLISHED STEEL
15	BUSHING	DUCTILE IRON, ASTM A536
16	COMPRESSOR	CAST IRON, A126 CLASS B
17	COMPRESSOR PIN *	CARBON STEEL, AISI 1070
19	DIAPHRAGM *	MATERIAL AS SPECIFIED
20	DIAPHRAGM CAPSCREWS	18-8 STAINLESS STEEL
21/22	BONNET STUDS OR BOLTS	STEEL GRADE 2, GRADE 5 ZINC PLATED
23	BONNET NUTS	STEEL GRADE 2, GRADE 5 ZINC PLATED
28	GREASE FITTING	STEEL, ELECTRO ZINC PLATED
26	TRAVEL STOP SETSCREW	STAINLESS STEEL, BLACK OXIDE FINISH
27	LOCKNUT	STAINLESS STEEL, ZINC-PLATED
29	WASHER	STAINLESS STEEL, ZINC-PLATED
63	ENCLOSURE CAP	POLYETHYLENE
65	CLEAR ENCLOSURE	ACRYLIC
73	HANDWHEEL SETSCREW	ALLOY STEEL, BLACK FINISH

^{*} RECOMMENDED SPARE PARTS

^{**} AS SUPPLIED, (DUCTILE IRON A536 GR 65-45-12, CAST IRON A126 CLASS B, 316 STAINLESS STEEL CF8M, ALLOY 20 CF7M, CAST STEEL WCB).



Valve Sizing and Flow Calculation Guide

Valve size is usually determined by the system pipe size; however, with the low pressure drop of the Tru-Tech valves it may be advantageous to design the system with smaller pipe. It may also be desirable to calculate valve sizing in order to assure adequate and accurate throttling or flow control.

LIQUID FLOW: In order to simplify and standardize flow computations, valves are given a Cv rating (Fluid Controls Institute-Standard FC1 62-1) or flow coefficient. The Cv equals the flow through the valve (GPM water at 60°F) at a 1 PSI pressure drop. Flows at any other set of conditions can readily be determined from the following equations.

1. To determine Flow in GPM

$$Q = Cv \sqrt{\frac{P_1 - P_2}{G}}$$
 $Q = Actual flow - gallons/min.$
 $Cv = Valve flow coefficient$

2. To Determine Required Cv

$$Cv = \sqrt{\frac{P_1 - P_2}{G}}$$

P₁ = Pressure (PSI) immediately upstream of the valve

P₂ = Pressure (PSI) imediately downstream of the valve

G = Specific Gravity of the liquid (water @ 60°F =1)

Another popular calculation procedure utilizes what is known as the valves resistance coefficient or "K" factor. The "K" factor is reasonably constant for any specific valve design.

3. To Determine Headloss

$$\triangle h = \frac{Kv^2}{2g}$$

△ h = Headloss in feet of fluid

V = Fluid velocity (ft/sec)

g = Acceleration of gravity (32.2 ft/sec2)

K = Approx. 0.5 Tru-Flow Valves, Approx. 2.5 Tru-Trol valves NOTE: 1ft.water = .433 PSI

GAS FLOW: Gas Flow relationships may be calculated in a manner similar to fluids except that since gasses are compressible absolute pressure and temperature values must be used. (Also P₁-P₂ cannot exceed 0.5 of P₁. Use 0.5 if number appears to be less.)

1. To Determine flow

Q = 963
$$Cv \sqrt{\frac{(P_1 - P_2) (P_1 + P_2)}{GT}}$$

To Determine required Cv

$$Cv = 963 \sqrt{\frac{(P_1 - P_2) (P_1 \cdot P_2)}{GT}}$$

Q = Flow = ft 3/HR (SCFH) @ 60°F and 14.7 PSIA

Cv = Valve Flow Coefficient

P₁ = Absolute Pressure (PSIA) immediately upstream of valve P₂ = Absolute Pressure (PSIA) immediately downstream

G = Specific gravity of gas (Air = 1)

T = Absolute temperature of gas (460° + F)

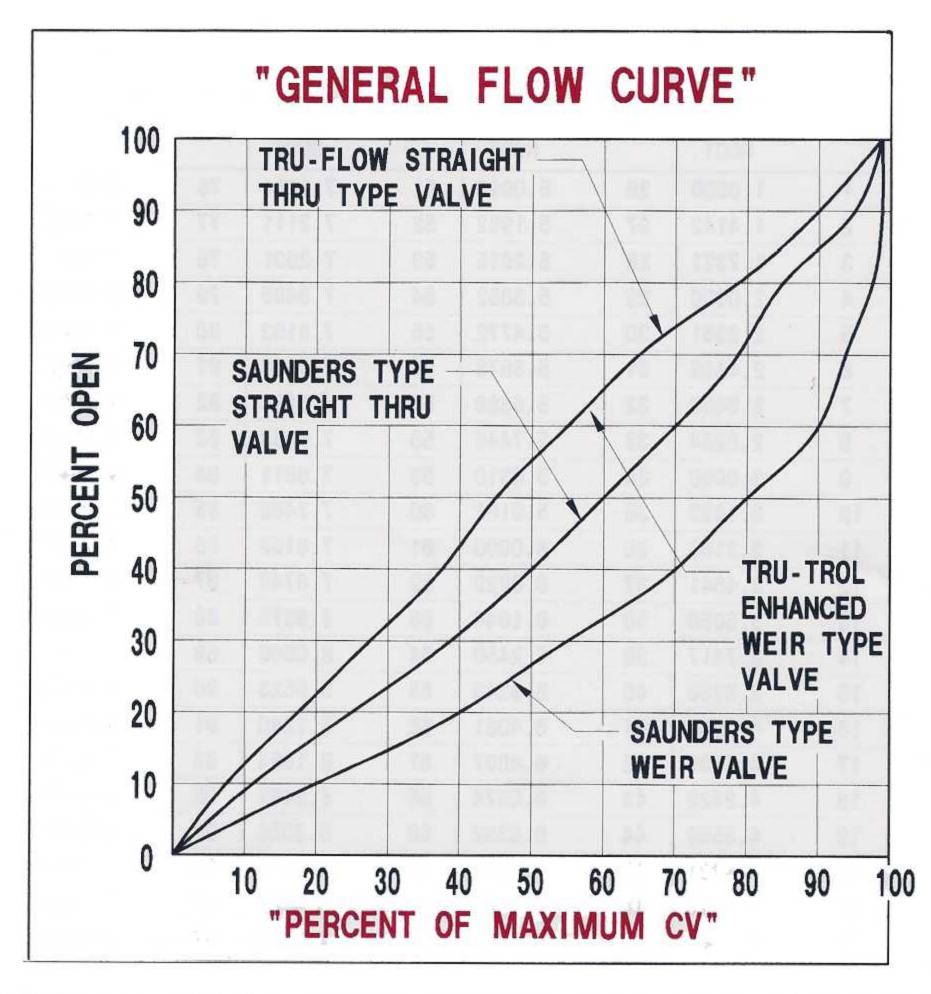
VALVE SIZE (FLANGED ENDS)	1/2	3/4	1	1-1/4	1-1/2	2	2-1/2	3	4	5	6	8
TRU-TROL VALVE Cv	11	17	23	34	55	75	130	190	310	515	560	1220
TRU-FLOW VALVE Cv	11	17	42	50	115	260	290	400	700	900	1650	



Square Root Table

NO.	SQUARE ROOT	NO.	SQUARE ROOT	NO.	SQUARE ROOT	NO.	SQUARE ROOT
1	1.0000	26	5.0990	51	7.1414	76	8.7178
2	1.4142	27	5.1962	52	7.2111	77	8.7750
3	1.7321	28	5.2915	53	7.2801	78	8.8318
4	2.0000	29	5.3852	54	7.3485	79	8.8882
5	2.2361	30	5.4772	55	7.4162	80	8.9443
6	2.4495	31	5.5678	56	7.4833	81	9.0000
7	2.6458	32	5.6569	57	7.5498	82	9.0554
8	2.8284	33	5.7446	58	7.6158	83	9.1104
9	3.0000	34	5.8310	59	7.6811	84	9.1652
10	3.1623	35	5.9161	60	7.7460	85	9.2195
11	3.3166	36	6.0000	61	7.8102	86	9.2736
12	3.4641	37	6.0828	62	7.8740	87	9.3274
13	3.6056	38	6.1644	63	7.9373	88	9.3808
14	3.7417	39	6.2450	64	8.0000	89	9.4340
15	3.8730	40	6.3246	65	8.0623	90	9.4868
16	4.0000	41	6.4031	66	8.1240	91	9.5394
17	4.1231	42	6.4807	67	8.1854	92	9.5917
18	4.2426	43	6.5574	68	8.2462	93	9.6437
19	4.3589	44	6.6332	69	8.3066	94	9.6954
20	4.4721	45	6.7082	70	8.3666	95	9.7468
21	4.5826	46	6.7823	71	8.4261	96	9.7980
22	4.6904	47	6.8557	72	8.4853	97	9.8489
23	4.7958	48	6.9282	73	8.5440	98	9.8995
24	4.8990	49	7.0000	74	8.6023	99	9.9499
25	5.0000	50	7.0711	75	8.6603	100	10.0000

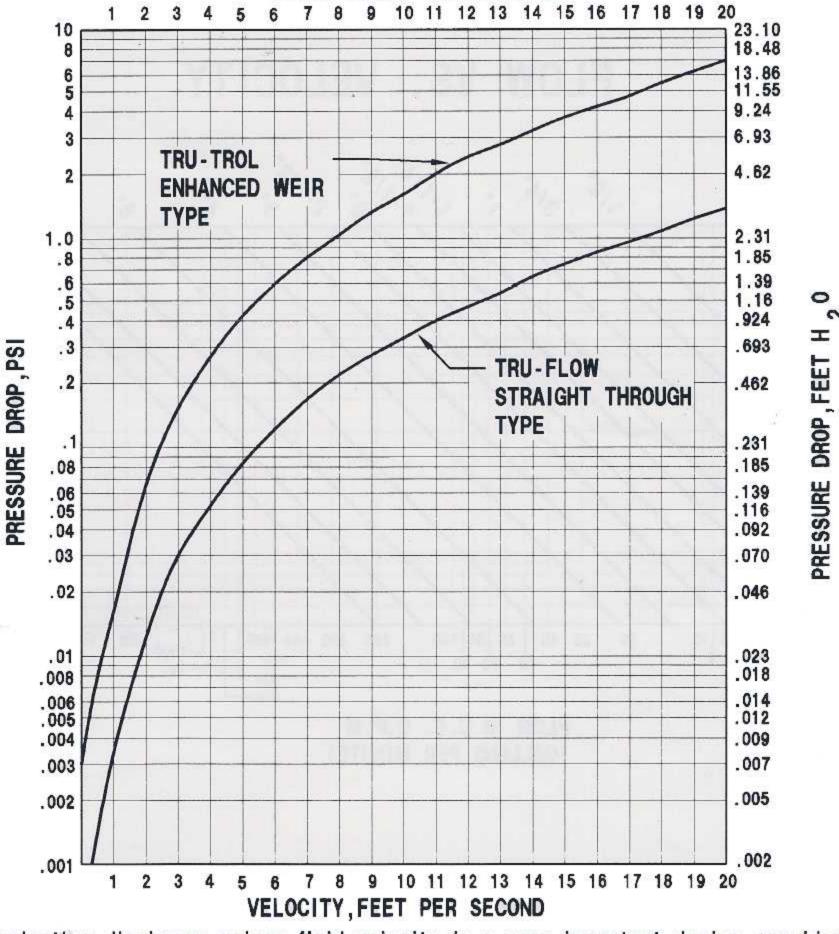




VALVE SIZE (FLANGED ENDS)	1/2	3/4	1	1-1/4	1-1/2	2	2-1/2	3	4	5	6	8
TRU-TROL VALVE	11	17	23	34	55	75	130	190	310	515	560	1220
TRU-FLOW VALVE	11	17	42	50	115	260	290	400	700	900	1650	



"WIDE OPEN HEAD LOSS"



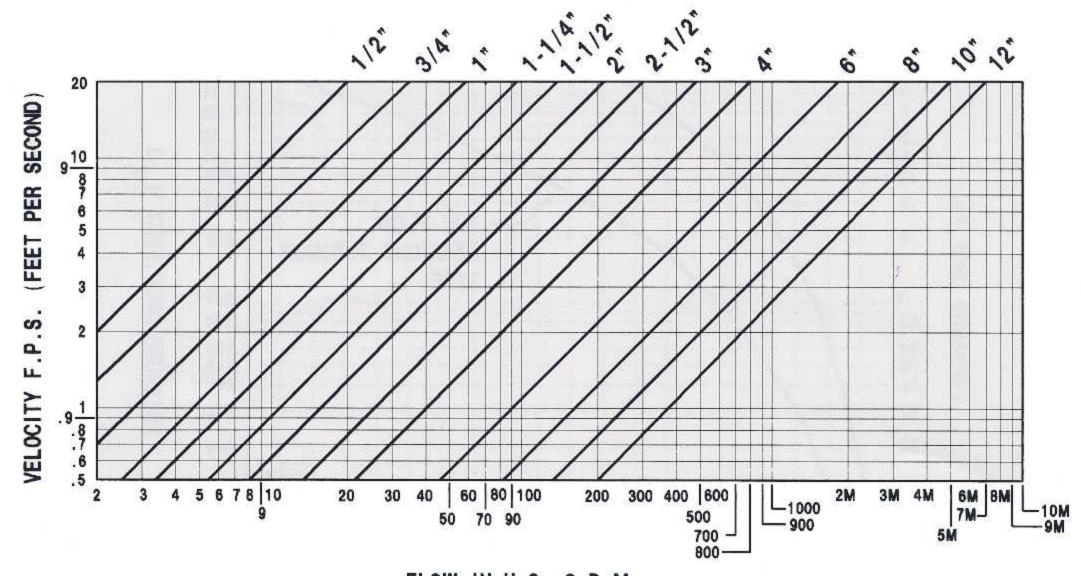
When selecting diaphragm valves, fluid velocity is a very important design consideration. Velocity through the valve should be limited to 15-20 ft/sec for clean fluids and 8-12 ft/sec for slurries. Velocity through a Tru-Tech diaphragm valve can be determined by using the following formula: $V = \frac{.32 \text{ Q}}{\Delta}$

A = PIPELINE AREA V = VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND) Q = FLOW (GALLONS PER MINUTE)

PIPE SIZE (SCH.40)	1/2"	3/4"	1"	1-1/4"	1-1/2"	2"	2-1/2"	3"	4"	5"	6"	8"	10"	12"
PIPE AREA (IN. ²)	.304	.533	. 864	1.50	2.04	3.36	4.79	7.39	12.7	20.0	28.9	50.0	78.9	113



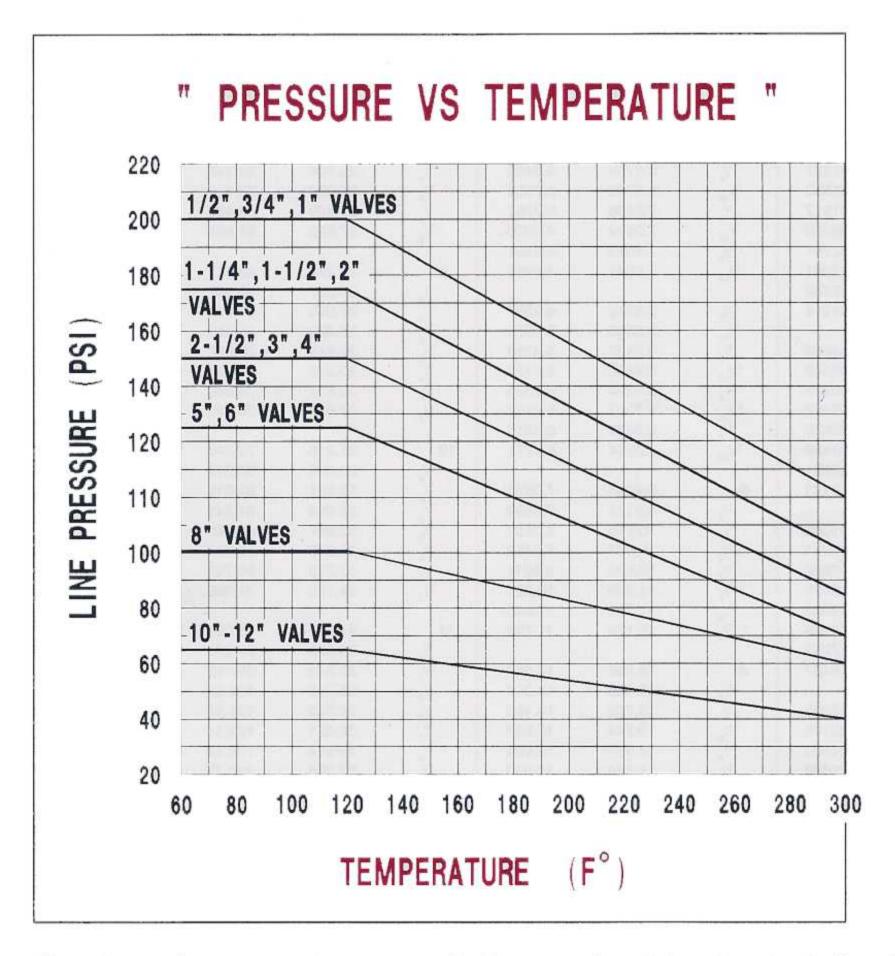
FLOW VS. VELOCITY



FLOW IN U.S. G.P.M. (GALLONS PER MINUTE)

When selecting diaphragm valves, fluid velocity is a very important design consideration. Velocity through the valve should be limited to 15-20 ft/sec for clean fluids and 8-12 ft/sec for slurries.





The effects of temperature/pressure on diaphragms and on linings in valve bodies should be considered in the selection process. The tensile properties of all materials decrease as the temperature increases. This reduction in strength can be compensated for by reducing the allowable operating pressure as fluid temperature increases.

The chemical activity of the fluid also increases as temperatures rise. This may be a consideration for choosing materials that are more corrosion-resistant.



DIA.	CIRCUM.	AREA	DIA.	CIRCUM.	AREA	DIA.	CIRCUM.	AREA	DIA.	CIRCUM.	AREA
1/64	.04909	.00019	1 5/8	5.1051	2.0739	71/2	23.562	44.179	14 3/4	46.338	170.87
1/32	.09818	.00077	11/16	5.3014	2.2365	5/8	23.955	45.664	7/8	46.731	173.78
1/ ₃₂ 3/ ₆₄	.14726	.00173	3/4	5.4978	2.4053	3/4	24.347	47.173			
			13/16	5.6941	2.5802	7/8	24.740	48.707	15	47.124	176.71
1/16	.19635	.00307	1/,	5.8905	2.7612				1/8	47.517	179.67
3/64	.24544	.00479	15/16	6.0868	2.9483	8	25.133	50.265	1/4	47.909	182.65
3/32	.29452	.00690	1 - 1			1/8	25.525	51.849	3/8	48.302	185.66
7/84	.34361	.00940	2	6.2832	3.1416	1/4	25.918	53.456	1/ ₂ 5/ ₈	48.695	188.69
			1/16	6.4795	3.3410	3/8	26.311	55.088	5/8	49.087	191.75
1/8	.39270	.01227	1/ ₁₆ 1/ ₈	6.6759	3.5466	1/2	26.704	56.745	3/4	49.480	194.83
9/84	.44179	.01553	3/16	6.8722	3.7583	5/8	27.096	58.426	7/8	49.873	197.93
0/30	.49087	.01917	1/4	7.0686	3.9761	3/4	27.489	60.132	X		
11/	.53996	.02320	5/16	7.2649	4.2000	7/8	27.882	61.862	16	50.265	201.06
3/40	.58905	.02761	3/	7.4613	4.4301				1/8	50.658	204.22
13/	.63814	.03241	7/16	7.6576	4.6664	9	28.274	63.617	1/4	51.051	207.39
1/32	.68722	.03758				1/8	28.667	65.397	3/8	51.444	210.60
15/64	.73631	.04314	1/2	7.8540	4.9087	1/4	29.060	67.201	1/2	51.836	213.82
			9/ 16 5/ ₈	8.0503	5.1572	3/8	29.452	69.029	5/8	52.229	217.08
1/4	.78540	.04909	5/8	8.2467	5.4119	1/2	29.845	70.882	3/4	52.622	220.35
17/84	.83449	.05542	11/16	8.4430	5.6727	5/8	30.238	72.760	7/8	53.014	223.65
9/32	.88357	.06213	11/ 16 3/ ₄	8.6394	5.9396	3/4	30.631	74.662			
19/04	.93266	.06922	13/ 16 7/ 8	8.8357	6.2126	7/8	31.023	76.589	17	53.407	226.98
19/ 64 5/ 16	.98175	.07670	7/.	9.0321	6.4918				1/8	53.800	230.33
21/64	1.0308	.08456	15/16	9.2284	6.7771	10	31.416	78.540	1/4	54.192	233.71
11/32	1.0799	.09281	10			1/8	31.809	80.516	3/8	54.585	237.10
23/84	1.1290	.10143	3	9.4248	7.0686	1/4	32.201	82.516	1/.	54.978	240.53
64			1/8	9.8175	7.6699	3/8	32.594	84.541	1/ ₂ 5/ ₈	55.371	243.98
3/8	1.1781	.11045	1/4	10.210	8.2958	1/2	32.987	86.590	3/4	55.763	247.45
25/64	1.2272	.11984	3/8	10.603	8.9462	5/8	33.379	88.664	7/4	56.156	250.95
13/32	1.2763	.12962	1/8	10.996	9.6211	3/4	33.772	90.763	8	771177	
27/64	1.3254	.13978	1/ ₂ 5/ ₈	11.388	10.321	7/4	34.165	92.886	18	56.549	254.47
7/16	1.3744	.15033	3/4	11.781	11.045	18			1/8	56.941	258.02
29/64	1.4235	.16126	7/8	12.174	11.793	11	34.558	95.033	1/4	57.334	261.59
15/32	1.4726	.17257	8	1	100.10	1/8	34.950	97.205	3/8	57.727	265.18
31/64	1.5217	.18427	4	12.566	12.566	1/4	35.343	99.402	1/2	58.119	268.80
64			1/8	12.959	13.364	3/4	35.736	101.62	5/8	58.512	272.45
1/2	1.5708	.19635	1/4	13.352	14.186	1/2	36.128	103.87	3/4	58.905	276.12
17/32	1.6690	.22166	3/8	13.744	15.033	5/2	36.521	106.14	7/4	59.298	279.81
9/16	1.7671	.24850	1/2	14.137	15.904	3/4	36.914	108.43	'8	00.200	270.01
19/32	1.8653	.27688	5/8	14.530	16.800	7/8	37.306	110.75	19	59.690	283.53
5/8	1.9635	.30680	3/4	14.923	17.721	18	07.000	110.70	1/8	60.083	287.27
21/32	2.0617	.33824	7/8	15.315	18.665	12	37.699	113.10	1/4	60.476	291.04
11/16	2.1598	.37122	. 8			1/8	38.092	115.47	3/8	60.868	294.83
23/32	2.2580	.40574	5	15.708	19.635	1/4	38.485	117.86	1/	61.261	298.65
32	2.2000	.4007.4	1/8	16.101	20.629	3/8	38.877	120.28	1/ ₂ 5/ ₈	61.654	302.49
3/4	2.3562	.44179	1/4	16.493	21.648	1/	39.270	122.72	3/4	62.046	306.35
25/32	2.4544	.47937	3/8	16.886	22.691	5/8	39.663	125.19	7/8	62.439	310.24
13/16	2.5525	.51849	1/2	17.279	23.758	3/8	40.055	127.68	18	02.403	010.24
27/32	2.6507	.55914	5/8	17.671	24.850	7/8	40.448	130.19	20	62.832	314.16
7/8	2.7489	.60132	3/4	18.064	25.967	18	40.440	100.15	7.97	63.225	318.10
29/8	2.8471	.64504	7/8	18.457	27.109	13	40.841	132.73	1/8	63.617	322.06
29/ 32 15/	2.9452	.69029	18	10.457	27.109	CONTRACTOR	41.233	135.30	1/4	64.010	
15/ 16 31/		.73708	6	18.850	29.274	1/8	41.626	135.30	3/8		326.05
31/32	3.0434	./3/08	22.60		28.274	1/4			1/2	64.403	330.06
4	3.1416	.7854	1/8	19.242 19.635	29.465 30.680	3/8	42.019 42.412	140.50	5/8	64.795	334.10
1	3.1416	.8866	1/4			1/2	42.412	143.14 145.80	3/4	65.188	338.16
1/16	3.5343	.9940	3/8	20.028 20.420	31.919 33.183	5/8 3/	42.804	145.80	7/8	65.581	342.25
3/8	3.7306	1.1075	1/2	20.420	34.472	7/4	43.197	151.20	21	65.973	246.26
3/ 16	3.9270	1.1075	5/8	21.206	35.785	7/8	43.590	131.20	The second second	66.366	346.36 350.50
5/4		1.3530	7/4			14	43.982	153.94	1/8	66.759	
5/ 16 3/8	4.1233		7/8	21.598	37.122		43.982	156.70	1/4		354.66
7/8	4.3197	1.4849	7	01.001	20 405	1/8			3/ ₈	67.152	358.84
7/16	4.5160	1.6230	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	21.991	38.485	3/4	44.768	159.48	1/ ₂ 5/ ₈	67.544	363.05
1/	17101	4 7074	1/8	22.384	39.871	3/8	45.160	162.30	3/6	67.937	367.28
1/2	4.7124	1.7671 1.9175	1/ ₄ 3/ ₈	22.777 23.169	41.282 42.718	1/ ₂ 5/ ₈	45.553 45.946	165.13 167.99	7/8	68.330 68.722	371.54 375.83
9/16	4.9087										



DIA.	CIRCUM.	AREA	DIA.	CIRCUM.	AREA	DIA.	CIRCUM.	AREA	DIA.	CIRCUM.	AREA
22	69.115	380.13	29 1/4	91.892	671.96	36 1/2	114.668	1046.3	433/4	137.445	1503.3
1/8	69.508	384.46	3/8	92.284	677.71	5/8	115.061	1053.5	7/8	137.837	1511.9
1/4	69.900	388.82	1/8	92.677	683.49	3/4	115.454	1060.7	18		1011.0
3/8	70.293	393.20	1/ ₂ 5/ ₈	93.070	689.30	7/8	115.846	1068.0	44	138.230	1520.5
1/8	70.686	397.61	3/4	93.462	695.13	18	110.040	1000.0	1/8	138.623	1529.2
1/ ₂ 5/ ₈ 3/ ₄ 7/ ₈	71.079	402.04	7/8	93.855	700.98	37	116.239	1075.2	1/8	139.015	1537.9
3/8	71.471	406.49	8	93,633	700.90	20000	116.632	1073.2	1/4	139.408	1546.6
7,4			00	04.040	700.00	1/8			3/8		
·/a	71.864	410.97	30	94.248	706.86	1/4	117.024	1089.8	1/2	139.801	1555.3
			1/8	94.640	712.76	3/8	117.417	1097.1	5/8	140.194	1564.0
23	72.257	415.48	1/4	95.033	718.69	1/2	117.810	1104.5	3/4	140.586	1572.8
1/8	72.649	420.00	3/8	95.426	724.64	°/8	118.202	1111.8	7/8	140.979	1581.6
1/4	73.042	424.56	1/ ₂ 5/ ₈	95.819	730.62	3/4	118.595	1119.2	Name of the last		
3/8 1/2 5/8 3/4 7/8	73.435	429.13	5/8	96.211	736.62	7/ ₈	118.988	1126.7	45	141.372	1590.4
1/2	73.827	433.74	3/4	96.604	742.64				1/8	141.764	1599.3
5/	74.220	438.36	7/8	96.997	748.69	38	119.381	1134.1	1/4	142.157	1608.2
3/	74.613	443.01	8			1/8	119.773	1141.6	3/8	142.550	1617.0
7/4	75.006	447.69	31	97.389	754.77	1/4	120.166	1149.1	1/2	142.942	1626.0
'8	75.000	447.03				3/4			5/		
24	75 202	450.00	1/8	97.782	760.87	3/8	120.559	1156.6	5/8	143.335	1634.9
24	75.398	452.39	1/4	98.175	766.99	1/2	120.951	1164.2	3/4	143.728	1643.9
1/8	75.791	457.11	3/8	98.567	773.14	5/8	121.344	1171.7	7/8	144.121	1652.9
1/4	76.184	461.86	1/ ₂ 5/ ₈	98.960	779.31	3/4	121.737	1179.3	5		
3/8 1/2 5/8 3/4 7/8	76.576	466.64	5/8	99.353	785.51	7/8	122.129	1186.9	46	144.513	1661.9
1/2	76.969	471.44	3/4	99.746	791.73				1/8	144.906	1670.9
5/8	77.362	476.26	7/8	100.138	797.98	39	122.522	1194.6	1/4	145.299	1680.0
3/	77.754	481.11				1/8	122.915	1202.3	3/8	145.691	1689.1
7/	78.147	485.98	32	100.531	804.25	1/4	123.308	1210.0	1/2	146.084	1698.2
			1/8	100.924	810.54	3/	123.700	1217.7	5/2	146.477	1707.4
25	78.540	490.87	1/4	101.316	816.86	1/2	124.093	1225.4	3/4	146.869	1716.5
	78.933	495.79	3/	101.709	823.21	5/	124.486	1233.2		147.262	1725.7
1/8	79.325	500.74	3/8			5/8			7/8	147.202	1/25./
1/4			1/2	102.102	829.58	3/4	124.878	1241.0	4	4.47.055	47040
3/8	79.718	505.71	5/8	102.494	835.97	7/8	125.271	1248.8	47	147.655	1734.9
1/ ₂ 5/ ₈	80.111	510.71	3/4	102.887	842.39				1/8	148.048	1744.2
5/8	80.503	515.72	7/8	103.280	848.83	40	125.664	1256.6	1/4	148.440	1753.5
3/4	80.896	520.77				1/8	126.056	1264.5	3/8	148.833	1762.7
7/8	81.289	525.84	33	103.673	855.30	1/4	126.449	1272.4	1/ ₂ 5/ ₈	149.226	1772.1
			1/8	104.065	861.79	3/8	126.842	1280.3	5/2	149.618	1781.4
26	81.681	530.93	1/.	104.458	868.31	1/2	127.235	1288.2	3/4	150.011	1790.8
1/8	82.074	536.05	3/8	104.851	874.85	5/8	127.627	1296.2	7/8	150.404	1800.1
1/4	82.467	541.19	1/8	105.243	881.41	3/4	128.020	1304.2	18	100.101	1000.1
3/8	82.860	546.35	5/8	105.636	888.00	7/8	128.413	1312.2	48	150.796	1809.6
1/8	83.252	551.55	3/	106.029		′a	120.413	1312.2	The Advantage of the Control of the		
1/ ₂ 5/ ₈ 3/ ₄			3/4		894.62	44	100.005	1000.0	1/8	151.189	1819.0
3/8	83.645	556.76	7/8	106.421	901.26	41	128.805	1320.3	14	151.582	1828.5
7/4	84.038	562.00				1/8	129.198	1328.3	3/8	151.975	1837.9
7/8	84.430	567.27	34	106.814	907.92	1/4	129.591	1336.4	1/2	152.367	1847.5
		Constitution Constitution	1/8	107.207	914.61	3/8	129.983	1344.5	5/8	152.760	1857.0
27	84.823	572.56	1/4	107.600	921.32	1/2	130.376	1352.7	3/4	153.153	1866.5
1/8	85.216	577.87	3/8	107.992	928.06	5/8	130.769	1360.8	7/8	153.545	1876.1
1/,	85.608	583.21	1/2	108.385	934.82	3/4	131.161	1369.0			
3/8 1/2 5/8	86.001	588.57	5/8	108.778	941.61	7/8	131.554	1377.2	49	153.938	1885.7
1/	86.394	593.96	3/	109.170	948.42				1/8	154.331	1895.4
5/2	86.786	599.37	7/8	109.563	955.25	42	131.947	1385.4	1/	154.723	1905.0
3/4	87.179	604.81	8	100.000	500.20	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	132.340	1393.7	3/	155,116	1914.7
7/4	87.572	610.27	35	100.056	000 44	1/8			3/8		
7/8	07.572	610.27	19030	109.956	962.11	1/4	132.732	1402.0	1/2	155.509	1924.4
00	07.00		1/8	110.348	969.00	3/8	133.125	1410.3	5/8	155.902	1934.2
28	87.965	615.75	1/4	110.741	975.91	1/2	133,518	1418.6	3/4	156.294	1943.9
1/8	88.357	621.26	3/8	111.134	982.84	5/8	133.910	1427.0	7/8	156.687	1953.7
1/4	88.750	626.80	1/2	111.527	989.80	3/4	134.303	1435.4			
3/8	89.143	632.36	5/	111.919	996.78	7/8	134.696	1443.8	50	157.080	1963.5
	89.535	637.94	3/4	112.312	1003.8				1/8	157.472	1973.3
5/	89.928	643.55	7/8	112.705	1010.8	43	135.088	1452.2	1/4	157.865	1983.2
3/	90.321	649.18	18			1/8	135.481	1460.7	3/8	158.258	1993.1
1/ ₂ 5/ ₈ 3/ ₄ 7/ ₈	90.713	654.84	36	112 007	1017.9		135.874	1469.1	1/8		2003.0
8	90.713	034.84	The second secon	113.097		1/4			1/2	158.650	
			1/8	113.490	1025.0	3/8	136.267	1477.6	5/8	159.043	2012.9
29	91.106	660.52	1/4	113.883	1032.1	1/2	136.659	1486.2	3/4	159.436	2022.8
1/8	91.499	666.23	3/8	114.275	1039.2	5/8	137.052	1494.7	7/8	159.829	2032.8



Sample Specifications for: COMPACT STRAIGHT THROUGH TYPE DIAPHRAGM VALVES

This document provides an equipment specification for a manually operated, compact, "straight through" type diaphragm valve. This specification should be included in Division 15 (Mechanical) of the project manual. For additional information or technical assistance, refer to the individual product bulletin or contact the factory direct.

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 Submittals

- A. Submit detailed product data and descriptive literature including dimensions, weights, CVs, pressure ratings and materials of construction.
- B. Provide drawings which clearly illustrate the general arrangements of the equipment and cross-section views of the components.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 Manufacturer

A. Tru-Flow, "Straight Through" Type, Diaphragm Valve, manufactured by Tru-Tech Industries, Inc., Mars, Pennsylvania.

2.02 Equipment

- A. Construction: Diaphragm valve shall consist of a body, diaphragm and handwheel operator, assembled and tested as a unit and ready for field installation.
- B. Main Valve:
 - Valve Body shall be straightway style of cast ductile iron conforming to ASTM A536, GR 65-45-12, with integral flanges, faced and drilled per [ANSI B16.1 Class 125] [ANSI B16.5 Class 150]. The valve shall provide a substantially undiminished straight through flow path along the axis of the passage when the diaphragm is in the fully open position.

It shall be of the "Compact" design, having a face to face dimension conforming to ASME/ANSI B16.10 Class 125 in iron and Class 150 in steel, table 1, columns 1, 8 and 21 (plus columns 2 and 11 except 1 and 40 NPS).

Optional: Body shall be lined with ______ [Urethane, Neoprene, or Natural] rubber for superior protection against abrasion.

Or: Body shall be lined with
[Tefzel (ÉTFE), PVDF, or Polypropylene (PP)] for supe
rior protection against corrosion.

- Diaphragm shall be compression molded around an oversized cast metal insert and shall be double studded to the compressor to positively prevent pullout under severe operating conditions.
- A thrust bearing of the mechanical type (needle or roller) shall be furnished on valves 2" and larger for ease of operation.
- A grease fitting shall be furnished to lubricate the operating mechanism including the thrust bearing without disassembling the valve.
- The valve shall be of the rising stem type and provide visual indication of whether the valve is open or closed.
- The operating mechanism shall utilize stub acme threads designed to carry heavy thrust loads over many years of operation and under no circumstances shall either machined or rolled vee type threads be permitted.
- Handwheel shall be securely keyed to the bushing or stem. Attachment by means of set screws or roll-pins shall not be permitted.
- C. Shop Finishing: Valves shall be painted on the outside with manufacturer's standard primer, unless otherwise specified.

2.03 Function

A. The valve shall function to provide substantially unobstructed flow in the open position, throttle in the intermediate position and shut off bubble tight in the closed position.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 Installation

A. Install valve in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions and approved submittals.

3.02 Manufacturer's Field Service

A. Manufacturer's authorized representative shall be present at the jobsite for a minimum of [] man-days, travel time excluded, for assistance during equipment start-up and to train owner's personnel in the operation, maintenance and troubleshooting of the equipment provided.



Sample Specifications for: ENHANCED WEIR TYPE DIAPHRAGM VALVES

This document provides an equipment specification for a manually operated, compact, "enhanced" Weir type diaphragm valve. This specification should be included in Division 15 (Mechanical) of the project manual. For additional information or technical assistance, refer to the individual product bulletin or contact the factory direct.

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 Submittals

- A. Submit detailed product data and descriptive literature including dimensions, weights, CVs, pressure ratings and materials of construction.
- B. Provide drawings which clearly illustrate the general arrangements of the equipment and cross-section views of the components.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 Manufacturer

A. Tru-Trol, "Enhanced" Weir Type, Diaphragm Valve, manufactured by Tru-Tech Industries, Inc., Mars, Pennsylvania.

2.02 Equipment

- A. Construction: Diaphragm valve shall consist of a body, diaphragm and handwheel operator, assembled and tested as a unit and ready for field installation.
- B. Main Valve:
 - Valve Body-shall be straightway style of cast ductile iron conforming to ASTM A536, GR 65-45-12, with integral flanges, faced and drilled per [ANSI B16.1 Class 125] [ANSI B16.5 Class 150]. The valve shall provide a straight through flow path along the axis of the passage when the diaphragm is in the fully open position.

It shall be of the "Compact" design, having a face to face dimension conforming to ASME/ANSI B16.10 Class 125 in iron and Class 150 in steel, table 1, columns 1, 8 and 21 (plus columns 2 and 11 except 1 and 40 NPS).

Optional: Body shall be lined with ______ [Urethane, Neoprene, or Natural] rubber for superior protection against abrasion.

- Diaphragm shall be compression molded around an oversized cast metal insert and shall be double studded to the compressor to positively prevent pullout under severe operating conditions.
- A thrust bearing of the mechanical type (needle or roller) shall be furnished on valves 2" and larger for ease of operation.
- A grease fitting shall be furnished to lubricate the operating mechanism including the thrust bearing without disassembling the valve.
- The valve shall be of the rising stem type and provide visual indication of whether the valve is open or closed.
- The operating mechanism shall utilize stub acme threads designed to carry heavy thrust loads over many years of operation and under no circumstances shall either machined or rolled vee type threads be permitted.
- Handwheel shall be securely keyed to the bushing or stem. Attachment by means of set screws or roll-pins shall not be permitted.
- C. Shop Finishing: Valves shall be painted on the outside with manufacturer's standard primer, unless otherwise specified.

2.03 Function

A. The valve shall function to provide maximum flow in the open position, throttle in the intermediate position and shut off bubble tight in the closed position.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 Installation

 Install valve in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions and approved submittals.

3.02 Manufacturer's Field Service

A. Manufacturer's authorized representative shall be present at the jobsite for a minimum of [] man-days, travel time excluded, for assistance during equipment start-up and to train owner's personnel in the operation, maintenance and troubleshooting of the equipment provided.



TABLE OF WATER HEADS AND EQUIVALENT PRESSURES	
(To estimate any pressure multiply the head (in feet) by .433. The result is lbs.	oer square inch

Head (in feet)	Pressure (lbs. per sq in.)	Head (in feet)	Pressure (lbs. per sq. in.)	Head (in feet)	Pressure (lbs. per sq. in.)	Head (in feet)	Pressure (lbs. per sq. in.)
5	2.17	80	34.6	275	119	700	303
10	4.33	90	39.0	300	130	750	325
15	6.50	100	43.3	350	152	800	346
20	8.66	125	54.1	400	173	850	368
30	13.0	150	65.0	450	195	900	390
40	17.3	175	75.8	500	217	950	411
50	21.7	200	86.6	550	238	1000	433
60	26.0	225	97.4	600	260	1100	476
70	30.3	250	108	650	281	1200	520

METRIC CONVERSION TABLE

Millimeters x .03937 = inches.

Millimeters + 25.4 = inches.

Centimeters x .3937 = inches.

Centimeters + 2.54 = inches.

Meters x 39.37 = inches (Act of Congress).

Meters x 3.281 = feet.

Meters x 1.094 = yards.

Kilometers x .6214 = miles.

Kilometers + 1.6093 = miles.

Kilometers x 3280.99 = feet.

Square Millimeters x .00155 = sq. inches.

Square Millimeters + 645.2 = sq. inches.

Square Centimeters x .155 = sq. inches.

Square Centimeters + 6.452 = sq. inches.

Square Meters x 10.765 = sq. feet.

Square Kilometers x 247.1 = acres.

Hectare x 2.471 = acres.

Cubic Centimeters + 16.387 = cu. inches.

Cubic Centimeters + 3.70 = fl. drams (U.S.P.)

Cubic Centimeters + 29.57 = fl. oz. (U.S.P.).

Cubic Meters x 35.315 = cubic feet.

Cubic Meters x 1.308 = cubic yards.

Cubic Meters x 264.2 = gallons (231. cu. in.).

Liters x 61.022 = cu. in. (Act of Congress).

Liters x 33.84 = fluid ounces (U.S.P.).

Liters x .2642 = gallons (231 cu. in).

Liters + 3.78 = gallons (231 cu. in.).

Liters + 28.316 = cubic feet.

Hectoliters x 3.531 = cubic feet.

Hectoliters x .131 = cubic yards.

Hectoliters x 26.42 = gallons (231 cu. in.).

Grams x 15.432 = grains (Act of Congress).

oliters x 26 42 - gallons (231 cu in)

Grams + 981. = dynes.

Grams + 28.35 = ounces avoirdupois.

Grams per cu. cent. 27.7 = lbs. per cu. in.

Joule x.7376 = foot pounds.

Kilograms x 2.205 = pounds.

Kilograms x 35.3 = oz. avoirdupois.

Kilograms + 907 = tons (2,000 lbs.).

Kilograms per square cent. x 14.223 = lbs.

per square inch.

Kilogram-meters x 7.234 = foot pounds.

Kilograms per meter x .672 = lbs. per foot

Kilog. per cu. meter x .062 = lbs. per cu. ft.

Kilowatts x 1.34 = Horse Power.

Watts + 746. = Horse Power

Watts x .7378 = foot pounds per second. (Centigrade x 1.8) + 32 = degrees Fahr.

ADDITIONAL FLUID POWER FORMULAE

1 Cu. ft. water weighs 62.4 lbs.

1 Bar at sea level:

= 14.504 PSI

= 0.98692 atmosphere

= 33.5 foot water column

Pascals x 6895 = PSI

PSI + 1.45 x 10-4 = Pascals

Approx. 1/2 PSI decrease each 1000

foot of elevation.

1"Hg = 0.4912 PSI

= 1.135 ft. water

1 PSI = 2.036"Hg

= 27.71"water

= 0.0689 bar

1 Atmosphere = 1.013 bars

= 29.921"Hg

= 14.696 PSI

= 760 mm Hg

Velocity of flow in pipe:

V = GPM x 0.3208 + A

V is fluid velocity in feet per second;

GPM is flow in gallons per minute; A is

inside area of pipe in square inches.

Charles' Law for behavior of gases:

 $T_1V_2 = T_2V_1$ or $T_1P_2 = T_2P_1$

T₁,P₁, and V₁ are inital temperature, pressure, and volume; and T₂,P₂, and V₂

are final conditions.

Boyle's Law for behavior of gases:

 $P_{1}V_{1} = P_{2}V_{2}$

P, and V, are initial pressure and volume;

P, and V, are final conditions.

Hydraulic cylinder piston travel speed:

S = CIM + A

CIM is oil flow into cylinder, cubic inches per minute; A is piston area in square inches.

Thrust or force of any cylinder.

 $T = A \times PSI$

T is thrust or force, in pounds; A is piston net area in square inches; PSI is gauge pressure.

Burst pressure of pipe or tubing:

P = 2t x S + 0

P is burst pressure in PSI; t is wall thickness in inches; S is tensile strength of material in PSI; O is outside diameter, in inches.